STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA—continued

	Item		1871	1881	1891	1901	1911
Min	eral Production-						
1 G	$\mathrm{old^2}$ o	Z.	105,187 $2,174,412$	$63,524 \\ 1,313,153$	45,018 930,614	$\substack{1,167,216\\24,128,503}$	473,159 9,781,077
Si	lver	oz.	2,174,412	355,0833	414.523	5,539,192	32,559,044
		\$	•••	355,083 ³ 347,271 ² 3,260,424 ³ 366,798 ³	409,549 $9,529,401$	5,539,192 3,265,354 37,827,019	32,559,044 17,355,272 55,648,011
	opper l	S.	::	3,260,424	9,529,401 1,226,703	6,096,581	6 886 998
L	ead	b.	:: 1	204,800	88,665	51 900 958	6,886,998 23,784,969 827,71
5 Z:	inc l	\$	• • •	$9,216^{3}$	3,857	2,249,387 788,000 ⁴	827,717 $1,877,479$
		\$		**		36 0114	108.10
N	ickell	b.		830,4775	4,035,347	9,189,047 4,594,523 244,979	34,098,74
P	ig-ironlong t	on	••	498,2865 22,1673	2,421,208 21,331 3,577,749	244.979	10,229,62 $819,22$
C	ig-ironlong t oalshort t	ton	1,063,7427	$\substack{22,167^3\\1,537,106}$	3,577,749	6,486,325	11,323,38
N	atural gas	\$ ft	1,763,4237	2,688,621	7,019,425	12,699,243	26,467,64
1		\$			150,000s	339, 476	1,917,67
P	etroleum, crudeb	bl.	••	368,987	755, 298	$\substack{622,392\\1,008,275}$	291,09
A	sbestosshort t	on	••		1,010,211 $9,279$	40,217	357,07 127,41 2,943,10
		⊕ I			999,878	40,217 1,259,759 450,394	2,943,10
C	ement b	\$::	69,843 ³ 81,909 ³	93,479 108,561	660,030	5,692,91 7,644,53
İ	Totals, Mineral Production9	* -		10,221,25510	18,976,616	65,797,911	103, 220, 99
Was		•		10, 221, 200	10,910,010		100,220,00
3 T	ter Power— urbine installation	1.p.			71,219	238,902	1,363,13
Cer	itral Electric Stations-						_
P	ower houses	No.	••		4,113,771	$ \begin{array}{r} 58 \\ 11,891,025 \end{array} $	110,838,7
C P	ower generated'000 ky	wh.			4,113,771	11,001,020	110,000,1
7 C	ustomers	No.					
Mai	nufactures—11						
8 E	mployees	No.	187,942	254,935	369,595 353,213,000 100,415,350 250,759,292	339,173	515,20 $1,247,583,60$
9 C 0 S	apital	\$	77,964,020 40,851,009	165,302,623 59,429,002 179,918,593	100,415,350	113,249,350	241,008,4
		\$	40,851,009 124,907,846	179,918,593	250, 759, 292	266, 527, 858	601,509,0
2 P	roducts— Gross ¹²	\$	221,617,773	309,676,068	469,847,886	481,053,375	1.165.975.6
3	Net ¹²	\$	96,709,927	129,757,475	219,088,594	214,525,517	564, 466, 65
Con	nstruction—						045 405 04
	alues of contracts awarded	8	**		**	**	345,425,00
5 L	abour force ¹⁴	No.					
0	ainfully Occupied—15				735,20716	716,860	933,7
6 7	Agricultural occupations Other primary "	"		**	58,21117	71,58417	. 139.877
8		"	1414		237,972	299,535 89,165	372,2 150,5
9	Construction	"	14.4	•••	86,694 61,310	82,483	158,9
D 1	Transportation "	"	**		88,064	99,552	221,8
žl .	Service	"	• • •		203,897	236, 205	322,8
3	Clerical "	"	• •		24,12120		106,3
1	Labourers	"			116,598 3,534	127,867 792	317,2
	Not stated	-	••				
	Totals, Gainfully Occupied	"	*:*:		1,615,608	1,782,832	
6 V	Vage-earners ¹⁵	No.	• •	••	••		1,628,2
Tr	ansportation—						
7 8	TEAM RAILWAYS— Miles in operation	No.	2.695	7,331	13,838	18,140	25,4 1,528,689,2 37,097,7 79,884,2
8	Capital	8	2,695 $257,035,188$ 21	7,331 284,419,293	632,061,440 13,222,568 21,753,021 48,192,099	816, 110, 837	1,528,689,2
19	Capital Passengers Freight Earnings	No.	$5,190,416^{22}$	l 6.943.671	13,222,568	18,385,722	37,097,7
0	Freight	ton	5,670,83622	12,065,323 27,987,509	48 102 000	72,898,749	188,733,4
1	Expenses	\$	$19,470,539^{22} \\ 15,775,532^{22}$	20, 121, 418	34,960,449	50,368,726	131,034,7
2		~ (-0,,	,,,		Mary Mary and the same	

¹ Figures are subject to revision.

2 As from 1932 the values include exchange equalization.

3 1887.

4 1898.

5 1889.

6 Short tons.

7 1874.

8 1892.

9 Includes other items not specified.

10 1886.

11 The statistics of manufactures in 1871, 1881 and 1891 include all establishments irrespective of the number of employees. From 1901, statistics are for establishments with five hands or over. The figures shown for census years prior to 1921 are for the preceding year. From 1922, statistics are exclusive of construction hand trades, repair and custom work. Figures for 1931-49 include non-ferrous metal smelting not included in earlie-years.

12 Since 1924 the net value of production is computed by subtracting the cost of fuel and electricity